

BIZ FACTS

Spring / Summer 2008/09 Edition

Parramatta



Introduction

Let me take this opportunity to introduce myself to you, the business community, through our Spring/Summer edition of BizFacts.

The New South Wales local government elections were held on 13 September 2008 and I am privileged to have been elected Lord Mayor by my fellow councillors. I look forward to meeting and engaging with the business community over the next twelve months to ensure our city remains prosperous.

I am committed to the principle of working in partnership with the business community to ensure our efforts as Council, are aligned to your issues. I also recognise that one of Council's core roles in relation to its business community is the provision of information on opportunities and 'happenings' across our Local Government Area.

The BizFacts publication is therefore an important component of Parramatta City Council's Economic Development Activities. It presents a six monthly economic snapshot of Parramatta and has been designed to provide a useful tool for businesses, business agencies and key partners, investors, students, and the media.

I look forward to meeting with many of you in the coming months and would warmly encourage you to share your views with us. If you would like any further information on economic or tourism matters please contact the Council's Economic Development Team on 9806 5636 or visit www.parracity.nsw.gov.au.

Councillor Tony Issa OAM

Lord Mayor

Economic Highlights for Parramatta

	Parramatta	New South Wales
Population		
Annual growth – 2007	2.2%	1.0%
Forecast growth – 2021	0.8%	0.8%
Gross Regional Product		
Annual growth – 2006/07	6.0%	6.2%
Unemployment Rate		
Level – Sep Qtr 2007	3.8%	4.6%
Office Market		
Vacancy rate – July 2008	7.3%	n.a.
Annual % change	-0.9%	n.a.
Median House Price		
Annual growth – Mar Qtr 2008	5.4%	0.0%

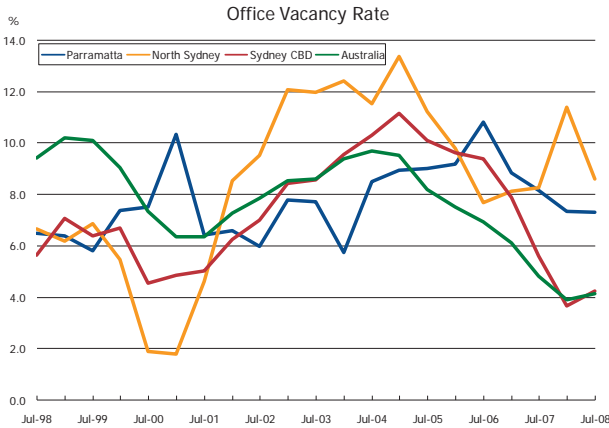
- Commercial vacancy rates in Parramatta continue to fall
- Low unemployment
- A growing, vigorous and diverse business base
- Economical property prices
- Attractive residential markets



Left to Right: Lord Mayor Cr Tony Issa, Coordinator of the Parramatta River Catchment Group Leanne Hanvey and CEO Dr Robert Lang sign the MOU.

Office Occupancy

The total vacancy factor for all useable office space in the Parramatta CBD was 7.3% in July 2008, which was 0.9 percentage points lower than the level recorded in July 2007 (8.2%). The fall in vacancy rates was despite a considerable increase in the total office stock over the previous twelve months.



Source: Property Council of Australia

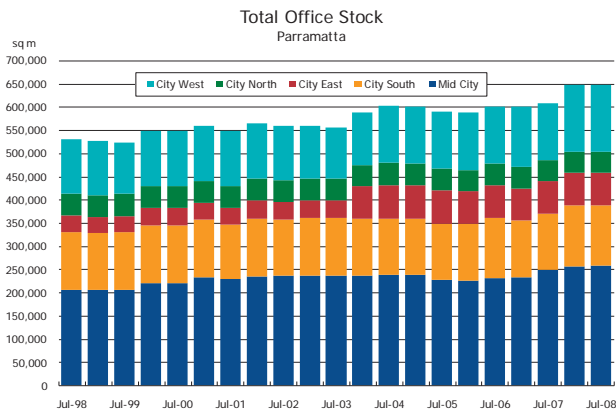
Office vacancy rates in the City of Parramatta are lower than other major areas of Sydney, including North Sydney (8.6%), North Ryde (8.7%) and Chatswood (12.8%).

Office Market, July 2008

	Stock (sq m)		Vacancy factor (%)	
	Jul-08	Ann % chg	Jul-08	Ann % chg(a)
Parramatta CBD	647,537	6.4	7.3	-0.9
Mid City	257,382	3.6	7.8	0.4
City South	130,697	7.4	4.0	-5.3
City East	69,690	-0.9	5.8	2.9
City North	44,799	-1.2	12.5	3.0
City West	144,969	17.8	8.5	-2.5
Chatswood	295,221	-1.2	12.8	5.7
Crows Nest/ St Leonards	355,284	-0.5	7.2	-2.9
North Ryde	683,842	23.6	8.7	0.9
North Sydney	793,993	-1.2	8.6	0.3
Sydney CBD	4,687,293	-0.5	4.3	-1.4

Note: (a) Changes are percentage point changes.
Source: Property Council of Australia

Total office space (or stock) in the City of Parramatta was 647,537 sq m in July 2008, representing an annual increase of 6.4% (or 38,711 sq m) from the level recorded in July 2007.



Source: Property Council of Australia

Office Rents

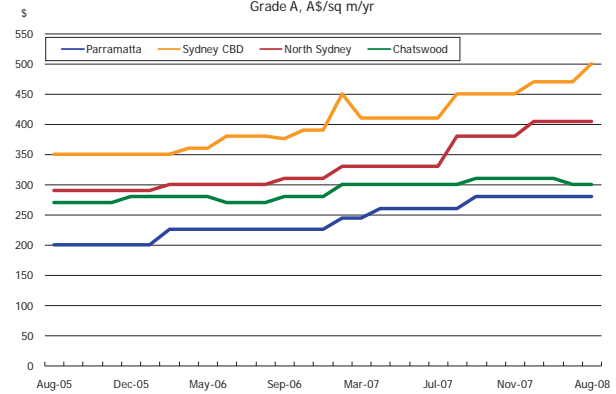
The achievable rent for A Grade office space in Parramatta in August 2008 was \$280 per sq m per annum, representing an annual increase of 8.0% from the level recorded in August 2007. Rents for A Grade office space in Parramatta remained considerably lower than most other office markets in the Sydney region.

Grade A Office Rents, August 2008

District	Achievable Rent per annum (Net Effective)			Ann % chg
	A\$/m ²	Euro/ft ²	US\$/ft ²	
Parramatta	280	15.24	22.47	8.0
Sydney CBD	500	27.21	40.13	11.0
Sydney CBD – B Grade	390	21.22	31.30	22.0
North Sydney	405	22.04	32.50	7.0
Chatswood	300	16.32	24.08	0.0
St Leonards	340	18.50	27.29	10.0
Macquarie Park	260	14.15	20.87	8.0

Note: The US\$/Sq-F/Yr & Euro/Sq-F/Yr rates are for international comparisons. Exchange rates current as at 29th August 2008.
Source: Cushman & Wakefield

Office Rents Grade A, A\$/sq m/yr

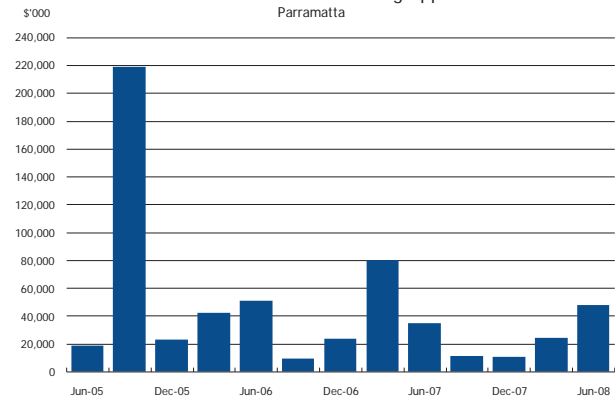


Source: Cushman & Wakefield

Construction

The value of non-residential building approvals in the City of Parramatta was \$98.9 million over the year to June 2008.

Value of Non-Residential Building Approvals Parramatta



Source: ABS 8731.1

BIZ FACTS

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY MARKET

Future Supply

The future supply of office stock in Parramatta is secure with approximately 16,023 sq m of projected supply (i.e. new construction, full/partial refurbishment) in 2008 and a further 23,000sq m of new construction scheduled for 2009 and 25,080sq m in 2010 and beyond. There is also a further 75,908sq m of new construction yet to be scheduled.

Future Supply				
	2008	2009	2010+	Mooted
Projected Supply (sq m)				
New Construction	10,500	23,000	25,080	72,908
Full Refurbishment	2,000	0	0	3,000
Partial Refurbishment	3,523	0	0	0
Total	16,023	23,000	25,080	75,908

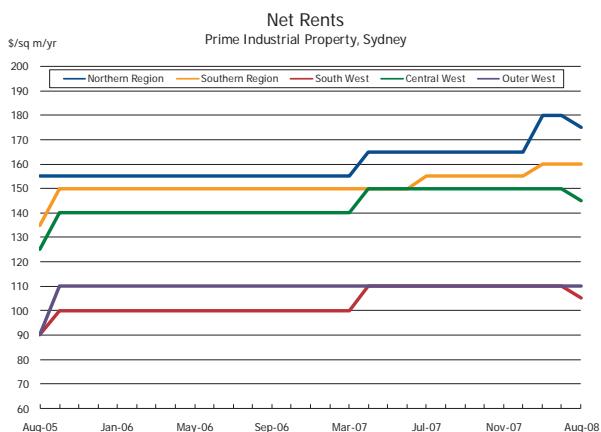
Source: Property Council of Australia

Development Details					
Address	Stage	Date	Office NLA	Retail GLA	Other Use GLA
107 George Street	Construction	2008	2,000		
89 Marsden Street	DA Applied	Mooted	3,000		
105 George Street	Complete	2008	1,650	1,500	
1 Smith Street	Construction	2009	23,000	340	
60 Station Street	DA Approved	2010+	25,080	620	
2 Fitzwilliam Street	Early Feasibility	Mooted	18,500		
193 Macquarie Street	DA Approved	Mooted	720	80	1,000
105 Phillip Street	DA Approved	Mooted	20,388	500	
45 Macquarie Street	DA Applied	Mooted	33,300	800	3,480
235-237 Church Street	Construction	2008	3,523		

Source: Property Council of Australia

Industrial Land

The achievable net rent for prime industrial property in the Central West region of Sydney in August 2008 was \$145 per sq m per annum, representing an annual decrease of 3.3% from the level recorded in August 2007. The net rent for secondary industrial land in the Central West region remained unchanged at \$110 per sq m per annum.



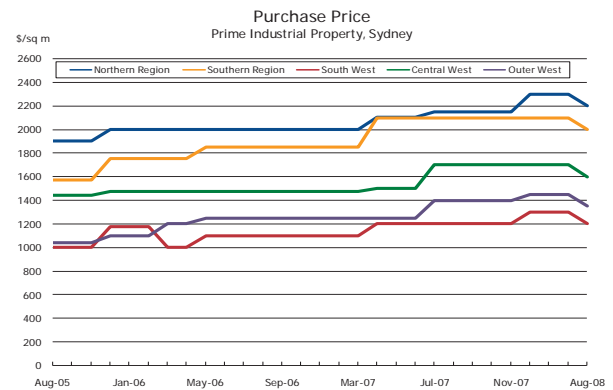
Source: Cushman & Wakefield

Net Rents – Industrial Property, Sydney (\$/sq m/yr), August 2008

District	Prime	Ann % chg	Secondary	Ann % chg
Northern Region	175	6.1	145	11.5
Southern Region	160	3.2	120	0.0
South West	105	-4.5	80	6.7
Central West	145	-3.3	110	0.0
Outer West	110	0.0	85	-5.6

Source: Cushman & Wakefield

The average purchase price for prime industrial property in the Central West region of Sydney in August 2008 was \$1,600 per sq m, representing an annual decrease of 5.9%.



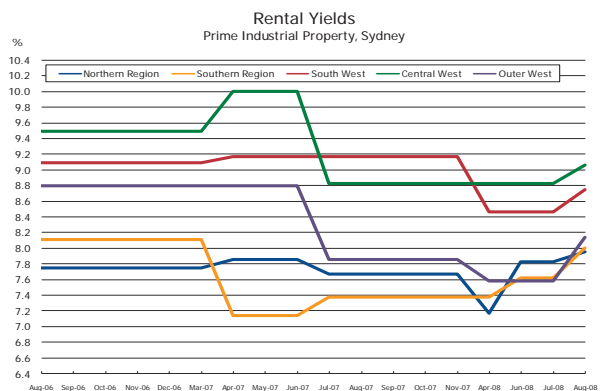
Source: Cushman & Wakefield

Purchase Price – Industrial Property, Sydney (\$/sq m), August 2008

District	Prime	Ann % chg	Secondary	Ann % chg
Northern Region	2,200	2.3	1,600	-5.9
Southern Region	2,000	-4.8	1,500	-6.3
South West	1,200	0.0	800	0.0
Central West	1,600	-5.9	1,200	-7.7
Outer West	1,350	-3.6	1,050	-8.7

Source: Cushman & Wakefield

The gross rental yield for prime industrial property in the Central West region was 9.1% in August 2008 – the highest of all regions across Sydney – whilst the yield for secondary property was 9.2%.



Source: Cushman & Wakefield

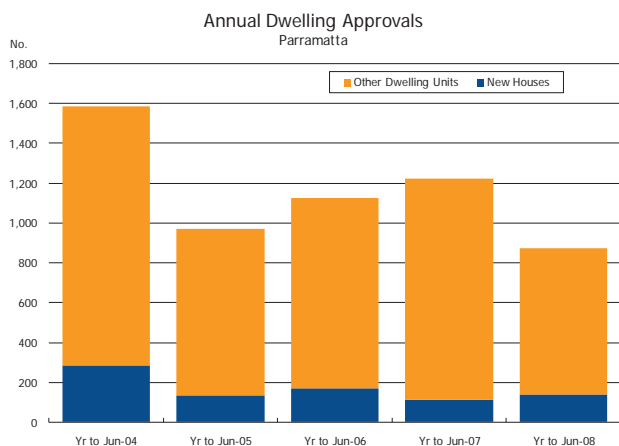
Average Yield – Industrial Property, Sydney, August 2008

District	Prime	Ann % chg	Secondary	Ann % chg
Northern Region	8.0	0.3	9.1	1.4
Southern Region	8.0	0.6	8.0	0.5
South West	8.8	-0.4	10.0	0.6
Central West	9.1	0.2	9.2	0.7
Outer West	8.1	0.3	8.1	0.3

Source: Cushman & Wakefield

Building Approvals

The number of building approvals in the City of Parramatta decreased by 28.8% to a total of 872 over the year to June 2008 when compared to the previous year. In contrast to the fall in total approvals, there was an annual increase of 24.3% in other residential dwelling approvals (such as flats and units) in the year to June 2008.

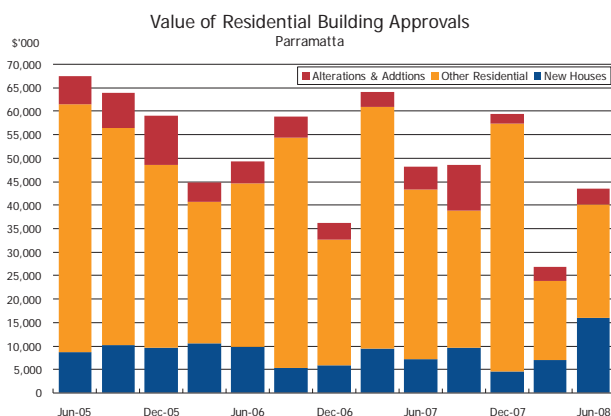


Source: ABS 8731.1

Building Approvals, Parramatta				
	Level	Level	Ann	
Number	Yr to Jun-08	Yr to Jun-07	% chg	
Dwellings:	872	1,224	-28.8	
New houses	138	111	24.3	
Other dwellings	734	1,113	-34.1	
Value (\$'000)				
Dwellings:	178,427	207,502	-14.0	
New houses	36,866	27,674	33.2	
Other dwellings	123,446	163,704	-24.6	
Alts & adds	18,115	16,124	12.3	
Non-dwelling	93,883	147,405	-36.3	
Total building	272,310	354,907	-23.3	

Source: ABS 8731.1

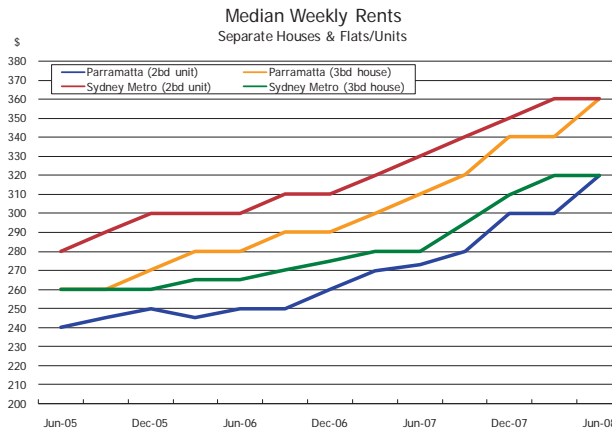
The total value of residential building approvals in the City of Parramatta was \$178.4 million over the year to June 2008, representing a decrease of 14.0% from the level recorded in the year to June 2007.



Source: ABS 8731.1

Median Weekly Rents

Rental prices for two and three bedroom separate houses in the City of Parramatta increased annually by 21.9% and 16.1% respectively, whilst one and two bedroom flats / units experienced annual increases of 27.3% and 16.4%, respectively.



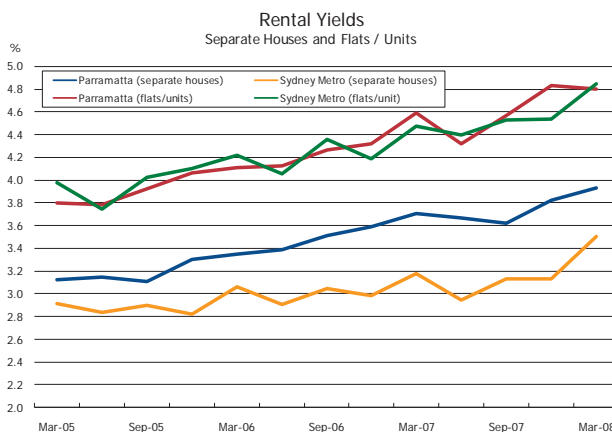
Source: NSW Department of Housing

	Parramatta		Sydney Metro Area	
	Level	Ann % chg	Level	Ann % chg
All Dwellings				
One bedroom	265	26.2	340	13.3
Two bedroom	320	18.5	350	9.4
Three bedroom	380	16.9	350	11.1
Four+ bedroom	450	15.4	450	12.5
Separate Houses				
Two bedroom	320	21.9	285	9.6
Three bedroom	360	16.1	320	14.3
Flats and Units				
One bedroom	280	27.3	350	12.9
Two bedroom	320	16.4	360	12.5

Source: NSW Department of Housing

Rental Yields

The average housing rental yield in the City of Parramatta was 3.9% in the March Quarter 2008, whilst the unit rental yield was 4.8%. By comparison, the average yields for the Sydney region for separate houses and flats/units were 3.5% and 4.8%, respectively.



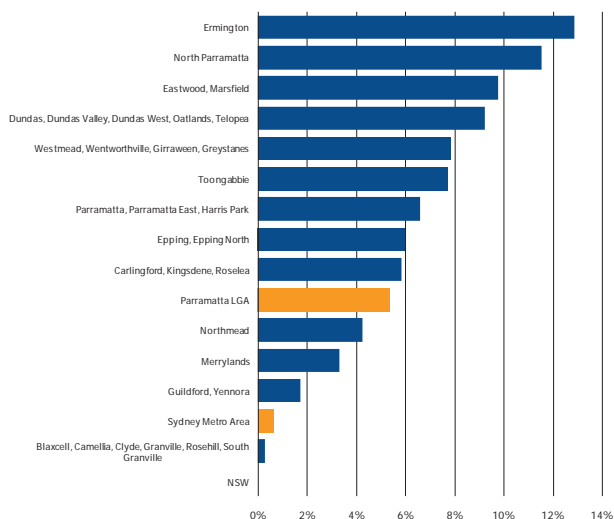
Source: NSW Department of Housing, Lawrence Consulting

House Prices

Median house prices increased by 5.4% throughout the City of Parramatta over the year to the March Quarter 2008, which was greater than the growth in prices for both the Sydney Metro Area (0.7%) and New South Wales (0.0%) over the same period.

The suburbs of Ermington (up 12.9%), North Parramatta (up 11.5%) and Eastwood/Marsfield (up 9.8%) experienced the highest growth in median house prices over the past twelve months.

Median House Prices
Annual Growth, Mar Qtr 2008



Source: NSW Department of Housing

The median house price for the City of Parramatta was \$450,000 in the March Quarter 2008, well above that for New South Wales (\$370,000) but below the Sydney Metro Area (\$475,000).

Median House Prices (\$)

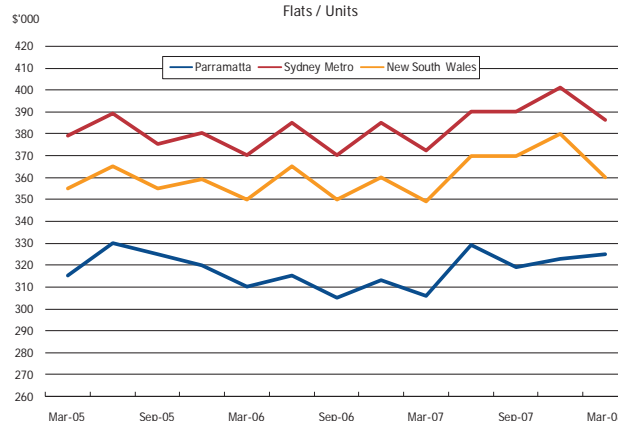
Suburb/Locality	Mar Qtr 2008	Mar Qtr 2007	Ann % chg
Ermington	508,000	450,000	12.9
Dundas, Dundas Valley, Dundas West, Oatlands, Telopea	520,000	476,000	9.2
Carlingford	635,000	600,000	5.8
Epping, Epping North	725,000	684,000	6.0
Eastwood, Marsfield	730,000	665,000	9.8
Camellia, Clyde, Granville, Rosehill, South Granville	361,000	360,000	0.3
Westmead, Wentworthville, Greystanes	428,000	397,000	7.7
Toongabbie	404,000	375,000	7.7
Parramatta, Parramatta East, Harris Park	467,000	438,000	6.6
North Parramatta	580,000	520,000	11.5
Northmead	490,000	470,000	4.3
Merrylands	375,000	363,000	3.2
Guildford, Yennora	351,000	345,000	1.7
City of Parramatta	450,000	427,000	5.4
Sydney Metro Area	475,000	472,000	0.7
NSW	370,000	370,000	0.0

Source: NSW Department of Housing

Flat / Unit Prices

The median price for flats and units in the City of Parramatta was \$325,000 in the March Quarter 2008, lower than the averages for the Sydney Metro Area (\$386,000) and New South Wales (\$360,000). Median flat and unit prices increased by 3.0% in the City of Parramatta over the year to the March Quarter 2008, again greater than the growth in prices for both the Sydney Metro Area (2.1%) and New South Wales (2.0%) over the same period.

Median Sales Prices
Flats / Units



Source: NSW Department of Housing

The strongest annual growth in flats and units prices was recorded in the suburb of Carlingford (up 38.0%), followed by Parramatta / Parramatta East / Harris Park (up 15.3%) and Camellia, Clyde, Granville, Rosehill, South Granville (up 7.8%).

Median Flat and Unit Prices (\$)

Suburb/Locality	Mar Qtr 2008	Mar Qtr 2007	Ann % chg
Rydalmere	395,000	n.a.	n.a.
Dundas, Dundas Valley, Dundas West, Oatlands, Telopea	349,000	368,000	-5.2
Carlingford	450,000	326,000	38.0
Epping, Epping North	370,000	367,000	0.8
Eastwood, Marsfield	399,000	389,000	2.7
Camellia, Clyde, Granville, Rosehill, South Granville	276,000	256,000	7.8
Westmead, Wentworthville, Greystanes	295,000	305,000	-3.3
Toongabbie	280,000	276,000	1.4
Parramatta, Parramatta East, Harris Park	320,000	278,000	15.3
North Parramatta	332,000	335,000	-0.9
Northmead	365,000	360,000	1.4
Merrylands	245,000	249,000	-1.6
Guildford	270,000	275,000	-1.8
City of Parramatta	325,000	316,000	3.0
Sydney Metro Area	386,000	378,000	2.1
NSW	360,000	353,000	2.0

Source: NSW Department of Housing

Parramatta's Challenge in Meeting the Metropolitan Strategic Plan

In 2005 the Premier Morris Iemma released the State Plan called 'A New Direction for NSW'. It identified community goals and set priorities for Government action to achieve these goals over the next 25 years. The five key aims of the State Plan are:

- Enhance liveability;
- Strengthen economic competitiveness;
- Ensure fairness;
- Protect the environment; and
- Improve governance.

The NSW Department of Planning released The Metropolitan Strategy in December 2005 as a response to the State Plan. The theme of the Metropolitan Strategy is a 'City of Cities – A Plan for Sydney's Future'. The Plan sets a broad framework to facilitate and manage growth and development over the next 25 years.

The Plan supports a metropolis made up of five regional cities and 22 other strategic centres. The City of Cities consists of the central business districts of Sydney, North Sydney, Parramatta, Liverpool and Penrith. The goal of the Plan is to strengthen all of the key centres.

The importance of Western Sydney and its contribution to the gross regional product of greater Sydney has been recognised by the City of Cities Plan. Greater Western Sydney currently houses 1.8 million people. The estimated population growth for western Sydney will be 40% or 725,000 additional residents and account for 69% of the population of Sydney.

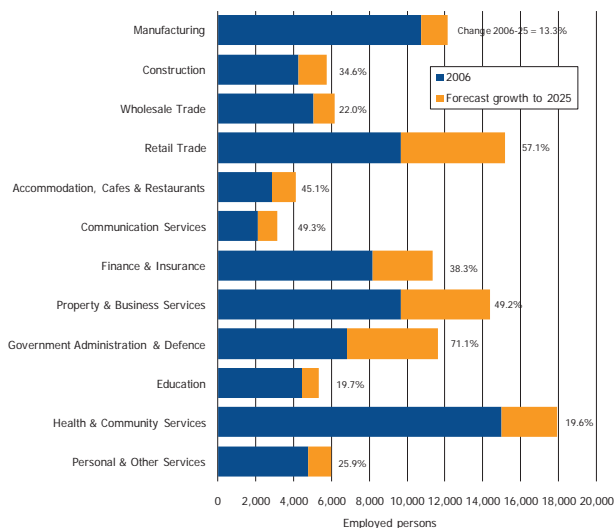
The Plan acknowledges that Parramatta is consolidating as a multi-purpose centre serving Western Sydney and increasingly other parts of metropolitan Sydney. Parramatta's population is expected to grow by 33% between 2001 and 2031 or by 89,900 to 196,780. Employment growth for the same period is anticipated to be around 30% to 133,000.

The NSW Cities Taskforce released four documents as part of the comprehensive vision for the future of Parramatta – Revitalising Parramatta – City Centre Plan, a Local Environmental Plan, a Development Plan and a Civic Improvement Plan. The City Centre Plan provides for 11,000 new jobs in the Parramatta City Centre by 2011 and a further 19,000 by 2031.

The following chart shows the number of jobs by sector in the Parramatta LGA as at the 2006 Population Census and the forecasted growth by 2025. The forecast is based on modelling undertaken by Parramatta City Council.

The future employment growth will be dependent not only on growth in existing businesses but also Parramatta's ability to attract new business to relocate and encourage an environment which fosters innovation and business start ups.

Employment by Industry Sector
City of Parramatta, 2006 and 2025



Source: ABS Census 2006, Parramatta City Council

As the chart indicates the largest anticipated growth in employment will be in government administration, retail, communications, property and business services and hospitality. The most significant employing industry sectors will be health and community services, retail, property and business services and manufacturing.

Employment by Industry, City of Parramatta, 2006-25

Industry	Level 2006	% of total	Level 2025	% of total	Chg 2006-25	% chg 2006-25
Manufacturing	10,713	12.9	12,139	10.7	1,426	13.3
Construction	4,249	5.1	5,721	5.1	1,472	34.6
Wholesale Trade	5,050	6.1	6,160	5.5	1,110	22.0
Retail Trade	9,640	11.6	15,143	13.4	5,503	57.1
Accommodation, Cafes & Restaurants	2,845	3.4	4,128	3.7	1,283	45.1
Communication Services	2,087	2.5	3,115	2.8	1,028	49.3
Finance & Insurance	8,183	9.8	11,316	10.0	3,133	38.3
Property & Business Services	9,641	11.6	14,385	12.7	4,744	49.2
Government Administration & Defence	6,793	8.1	11,625	10.3	4,832	71.1
Education	4,433	5.3	5,307	4.7	874	19.7
Health & Community Services	14,981	18.0	17,922	15.9	2,941	19.6
Personal & Other Services	4,737	5.7	5,966	5.3	1,229	25.9
Total	83,352	100.0	112,927	100.0	29,575	35.5

Source: ABS Census 2006, Parramatta City Council

The challenges that face Parramatta in meeting the targets set by the Metropolitan Strategy are across all industry sectors. Achieving these employment targets will be challenging as this is a net growth in jobs. Job creation occurs when the rate of job creation exceeds the rate of job destruction. Other factors affecting future employment growth include the structure of the labour force, impact of climate change on businesses and established behaviour, urban structure and infrastructure including transport.

Transport & Parking in Parramatta

Currently there are no approved State government guidelines regarding transport and parking. For guidance on these issues local councils refer to the 2001 draft report called 'Integrating Land Use and Transport, Improving Transport Choice – Guidelines for Planning and Development'. This draft was not formally adopted as policy but has been used by local councils in assisting to develop local policies.

The purpose behind the guidelines was to 'help translate broad sustainability objectives into outcomes at the local level'. This was to be achieved through assisting local councils and other interested parties to:

- Better integrate land use and transport planning and development;
- Provide transport choice and manage travel demand to improve the environment, accessibility and liveability;
- Reduce growth in the number and length of private car journeys; and
- Make walking, cycling and public transport use more attractive.

The report goes on to note that the then forecast levels of travel demand could not be met through new and upgraded roads for private use. Methods of managing travel demand included:

- Influencing the location of urban development;
- Expanding public transport network,
- Improving the quality of public transport services,
- Expanding cycle and pedestrian facilities and making them more attractive to use,
- Investigating strategies to encourage shifts in travel from private car to other modes.

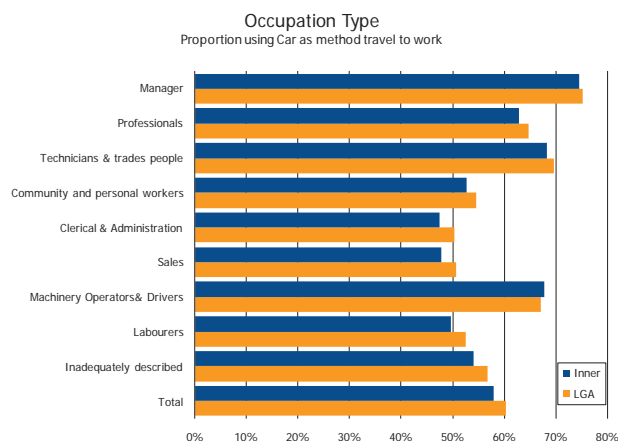
The 2006 Population Census Place of Employment data provides information on the modes of travel workers use to get to work. The information shows that 82% of workers use one mode of transport to travel to work. The following table shows the alternate means of transport used and the proportion of travellers that use only one method of transport to get to work.

Method of Travel to Work (%)		
One Mode of Travel	Parramatta LGA	Parramatta Inner SLA
Train	7.8	9.7
Bus	2.7	3.3
Car, as driver	60.3	57.9
Car, as passenger	5.6	5.8
Truck	0.8	0.6
Motorbike/scooter	0.4	0.5
Bicycle	0.4	0.4
Walk	3.4	3.5
Other	0.5	0.4
Total	82.0	82.0

Source: ABS Census 2006

This information is available by occupational groups. Managers have the largest proportion of drivers with over 75% using their car to get to work. The second highest users are Technicians & trades workers at just under 70%. The largest number of car drivers are professionals at 14,741 which represents 64.8% of all professionals.

The Parramatta CBD has a high concentration of managers, professionals and clerical & administrative workers representing 64.4% of all workers in the Parramatta Inner Statistical Local Area of 65,901. Approximately 65% of these workers drive a car to work. The chart below shows the proportion of each occupational group which drive to work.



Source: ABS Census 2006

One way of encouraging a shift in travel modes from private vehicle to more sustainable methods of travel can be achieved by implementing appropriate parking policies. The cost and availability of parking influences the choice in use of transport mode. Even if there is very good public transport available commuters are more likely to use their private vehicle if there is abundant free parking.

The challenge for transport planners is to find the balance between the demand for parking, the increase in traffic congestion which accompanies increased parking availability, the increased pollution generated by increased traffic, the accessibility of public transport and alternate modes of transport available in the area.

Tourism

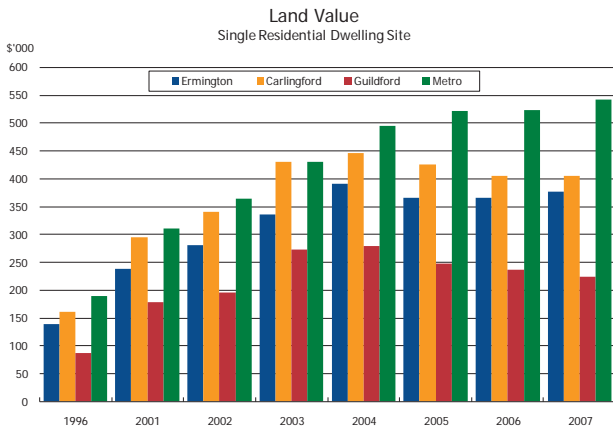
The room occupancy rate for tourism establishments in the City of Parramatta was 75.2% in the June Quarter 2008 (up 3.3 percentage points from the June Quarter 2007), whilst takings from accommodation increased annually by 12.6% to approximately \$15.9 million.

Tourist Accommodation		
	Level Jun Qtr 2008	Ann % chg
Supply		
Establishments	11	0.0
Guest Rooms	1,526	1.9
Bed Spaces	4,391	0.7
Employment	794	-4.1
Demand		
Room occupancy (%)	75.2	3.3
Room nights	104,466	6.7
Guest nights	147,817	1.1
Guest arrivals	58,382	-8.9
Average stay (nights)	2.5	8.7
Takings from accomm (\$'000)	15,935.0	12.6
Average daily takings (\$)	152.54	5.6

Source: ABS Survey of Tourist Accommodation

Land Values

The average land value for a single dwelling residential site across Parramatta ranged from \$223,000 in Guildford to \$405,000 in Carlingford in 2005. Average residential land values in the suburb of Ermington increased by 3.0% in 2007 when compared to the previous year. Land values in Carlingford remained unchanged in 2007, whilst values in Guildford decreased by 5.5%.



Source: NSW Department of Lands

Residential land values in Parramatta are less than those for similar properties in Metropolitan areas (i.e. Sydney, Newcastle and Wollongong), as are industrial land values, although prices for retail properties are higher than those for the wider region.

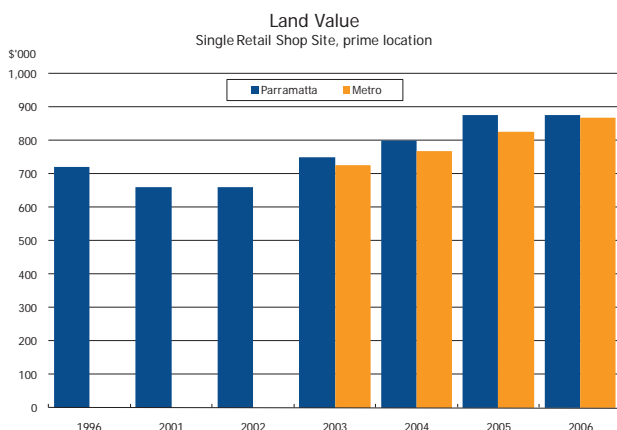
Land Values, 2007

Type of site	Parramatta		Metropolitan ^(a)	
	Land value (\$)	Ann % chg	Land value (\$)	Ann % chg
Single dwelling:				
Ermington	376,000	3.0	541,855	3.7
Carlingford	405,000	0.0		
Guildford	223,000	-5.5		
Retail shop	955,000	9.1	933,200	7.5
Large industrial ^(b)	8,400,000	0.0	8,732,667	12.8

Note: (a) Figures for single dwelling site relate to Sydney Metropolitan Area. Figures for Retail shop and large industrial include Sydney, Newcastle and Wollongong. (b) Figure for Parramatta is suburb of Rydalmere.

Source: NSW Department of Lands

The average land value for a single retail site in Parramatta was \$955,000 in 2007, an increase of 9.1% from the average in 2006. The land value for an average large industrial site in Parramatta (i.e. 2.75ha) was \$8.4 million in 2007, which remained unchanged from the figure for 2006.



Source: NSW Department of Lands

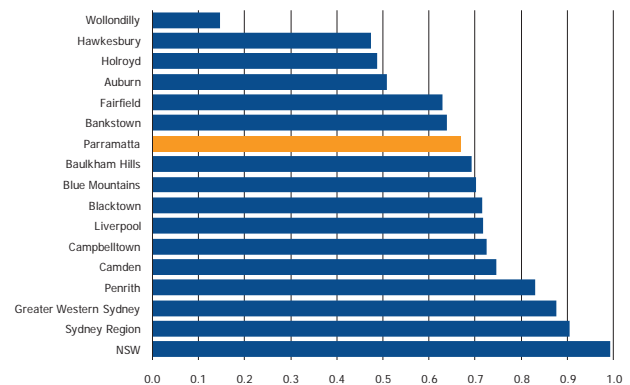
Economic Diversity

The Index of Economic Diversity measures economic or industrial diversity within a region by determining the degree to which the region's industry mix differs from that of the national economy. When the index value is close to one, the industrial profile of a region mirrors that of the national economy and is considered more diverse.

The index value for the City of Parramatta is 0.670, which ranked eighth of the 14 LGAs in Western Sydney. By comparison, the index values for Greater Western Sydney, the Sydney Metropolitan Area and New South Wales are 0.875, 0.905 and 0.992, respectively.

When the index is calculated using the State economy as the comparative benchmark, the index value for the City of Parramatta is 0.697, whilst the values for Greater Western Sydney and the Sydney Metropolitan Area are 0.871 and 0.957, respectively.

Index of Economic Diversity

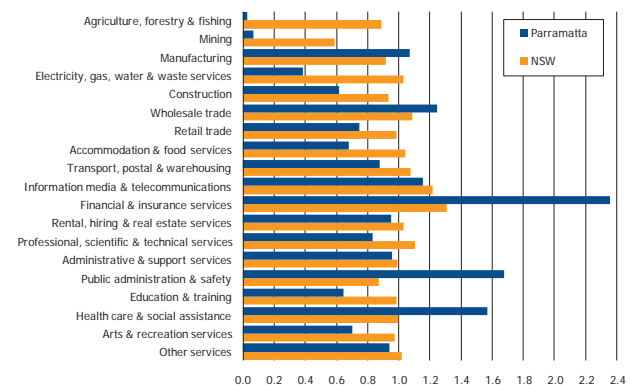


Source: Lawrence Consulting

Location Quotients

The City of Parramatta has a greater industry concentration (i.e. location quotient greater than 1) than the national economy – and therefore has net exports of services from the region – in the Financial & Insurance Services (2.36); Public Administration & Safety (1.68); Health Care & Social Assistance (1.57); Wholesale Trade (1.24); Information Media & Telecommunications (1.15); and Manufacturing (1.07) sectors.

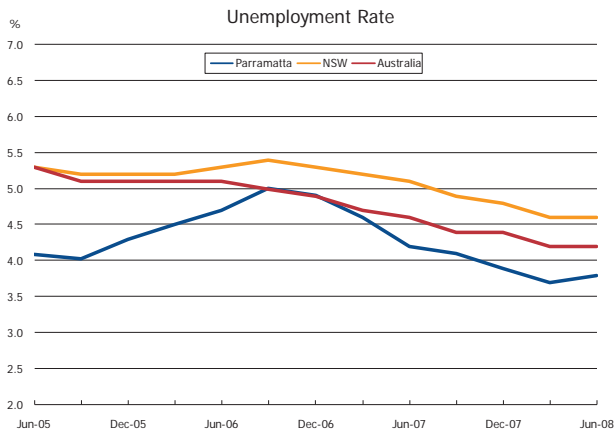
Location Quotients



Source: Lawrence Consulting

Labour Market

The estimated number of employed persons among the resident population of the City of Parramatta was 75,229 in the June Quarter 2008, representing an annual increase of 0.9% (or 703 persons) from the level recorded in the June Quarter 2007.



Source: DEWR, Lawrence Consulting

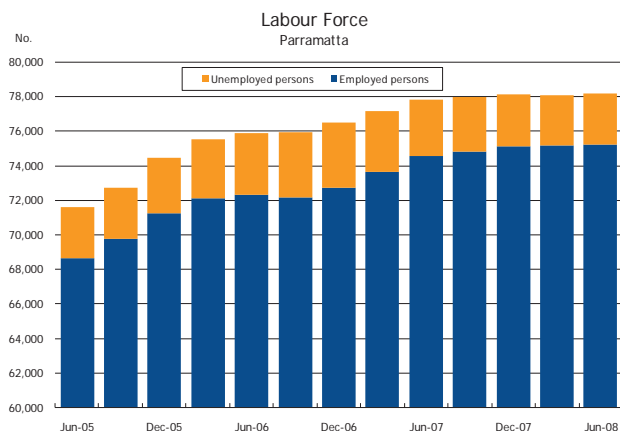
The unemployment rate in the City of Parramatta decreased annually by 0.4 percentage points to 3.8% in the June Quarter 2008. The unemployment rate in the City of Parramatta is lower than the averages for the Sydney region (4.2%), New South Wales (4.6%) and Australia (4.2%).

Labour Market

	Jun Qtr 2008	Qtrly % chg	Ann % chg
Employed persons (no.)	75,229	0.1	0.9
Unemployed persons (no.)	2,956	1.1	-10.0
Unemployment rate (%) (a)	3.8	0.1	-0.4
Labour force (no.)	78,185	0.1	0.5

Note: (a) Unemployment rate changes are percentage point changes.
Source: DEWR, Lawrence Consulting

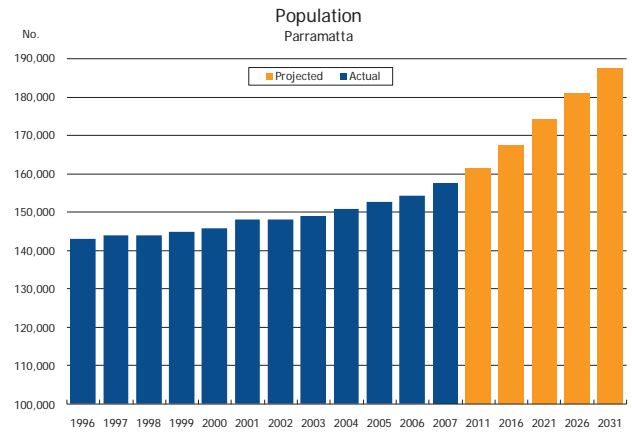
The annual increase in the number of employed persons in the City of Parramatta led to a 0.5% increase in the size of the labour force to a level of 78,185 persons in the June Quarter 2008, despite a decrease of 10.0% in the number of unemployed persons.



Source: DEWR, Lawrence Consulting

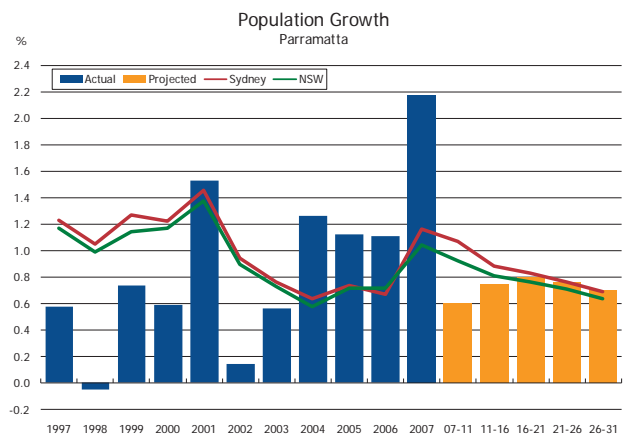
Population

There were an estimated 157,505 persons residing in the City of Parramatta in 2007, an increase of 3,347 persons, or 2.2% from the population level in 2006. The population increase in the City of Parramatta in 2007 was higher than the averages for the Sydney Metro Area (1.2%) and New South Wales (1.0%).



Source: NSW Dept of Planning & ABS 3218.0

Over the past five years the population has been growing at an average annual rate of 1.2%, again higher than the growth rates for Sydney and New South Wales (both 0.8%) over the same period.



Source: NSW Dept of Planning & ABS 3218.0

Population projections to the year 2031 show that the City of Parramatta's average population growth is expected to increase by 0.8% per annum, to a population of approximately 187,500 persons. This is in line with the projected growth rates for Sydney and NSW (both 0.8%) over the same period.

Population

	2007	Ann % chg	2031	Avg ann % chg (2007-31)
Parramatta	157,505	2.2	187,484	0.8
Sydney Metro Area	4,334,020	1.2	5,290,174	0.8
New South Wales	6,888,014	1.0	8,259,181	0.8

Source: NSW Dept of Planning & ABS 3218.0

Productivity

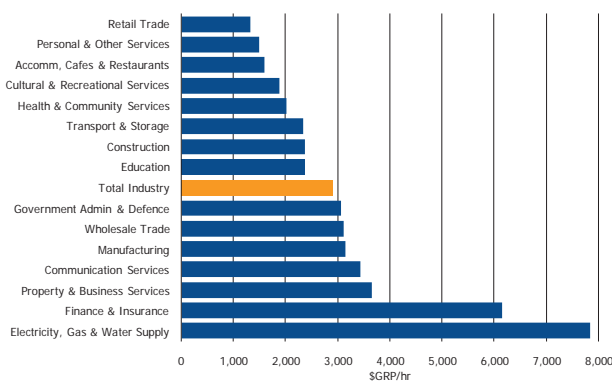
Productivity is a key component of economic growth and is a measure of the efficiency of production within a region. Dividing the GRP of a region by total hours worked will measure the labour productivity within that region, i.e. the average amount of output produced by an hour worked by a person within that region.

The City of Parramatta recorded total industry productivity (or industry value added per hour worked) of \$2,905 in 2006/07, which represented an increase of 5.5% from the average productivity for 2005/06 (\$2,754). The City of Parramatta recorded a slightly higher total industry productivity average than New South Wales (\$2,889) in 2006/07, whilst also recording a higher annual increase.

The Electricity, Gas & Water Supply sector recorded the highest industry productivity level (\$7,843) in the City of Parramatta in 2006/07, followed by Finance & Insurance (\$6,159), Property & Business Services (\$3,647) and Communication Services (\$3,434).

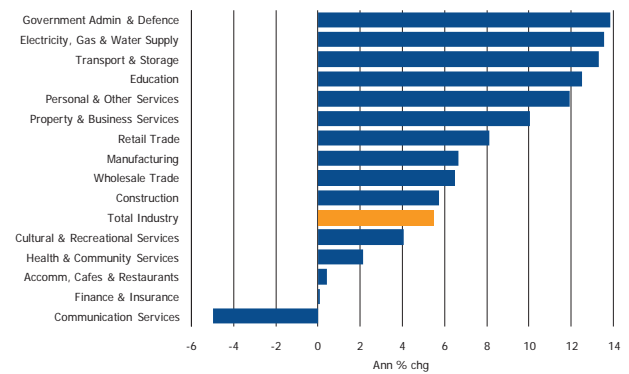
The Government Administration & Defence sector recorded the highest industry productivity growth rate of 13.8% in 2006/07, followed by Electricity, Gas & Water Supply (up 13.6%), Transport & Storage (up 13.3%) and Education (12.5%).

Industry Productivity
City of Parramatta, 2006/07



Source: Lawrence Consulting

Productivity, Annual Industry Growth
City of Parramatta, 2006/07



Source: Lawrence Consulting

The City of Parramatta recorded higher industry productivity in the Manufacturing; Electricity, Gas & Water; and Wholesale Trade sectors than New South Wales in 2006/07.

Productivity, 2006/07

Industry	Parramatta		New South Wales	
	Level (\$value added/hr)	Ann % chg	Level (\$value added/hr)	Ann % chg
Manufacturing	3,139	6.6	2,761	5.3
Electricity, Gas & Water	7,843	13.6	7,589	-1.7
Construction	2,362	5.7	3,193	9.2
Wholesale Trade	3,106	6.5	2,713	4.8
Retail Trade	1,312	8.1	1,451	2.0
Accommodation, Cafes & Restaurants	1,594	0.4	1,756	2.7
Transport & Storage	2,335	13.3	2,584	9.8
Communications	3,434	-5.0	3,824	4.0
Finance & Insurance	6,159	0.1	6,467	3.0
Property & Business	3,647	10.0	4,033	10.5
Government Administration & Defence	3,055	13.8	3,140	1.2
Education	2,367	12.5	2,405	5.6
Health & Community Services	2,005	2.1	2,451	5.8
Cultural & Recreation	1,885	4.1	2,221	2.8
Personal & Other Services	1,484	11.9	1,747	2.1
Total Industry	2,905	5.5	2,889	5.2

Note: All values are in current prices.

Source: Lawrence Consulting

Key Businesses and Organisations in the City of Parramatta

2KY Broadcasters	Dyldam Developments	Parramatta District Rugby League Club
Aladdin's Laundry	EIG Ansvr Insurance	Parramatta Leagues Club
All Business Security	Epping RSL & Community Club	Parramatta Local & District Court
All Commercial Finance Australia	Eureka - Mercure Hotel	Parramatta Police - Parramatta Local Area Command
Allowah Children's Hospital	Farnell	Parramatta Train Station
Allworth Homes Masterbuilt	GE Healthcare	Patrick Logistics
AMP	GE Money	Perpetual
Anitech	GHD Parramatta	Premier Cabs
ANZ	GIO Suncorp Metway	Premier Parking
AON Risk Services	Gow Gates Insurance Brokers	Price Quality Cleaning
Argus Technologies	Hare & Forbes Machinery House	Moore Stephens
ATP Components	Hays Personnel	Processed Forest Products
Australia Post	HCF - Dental Centre	Priestley & Morris
Australian Health Management	Heritage Council & Heritage Office	QBE
Australian Personnel Management (APM)	Home Care NSW - Cumberland Service Centre	R.E. Batger
Australian Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd	Home Care NSW - Prospect/Hills Service Centre	Rapid Constructions
Australian Taxation Office	HSBC	Readymix
AWA	Hudson Global	Red Cross Blood Service
Baxter Healthcare	Hunter Douglas	Rheem Australia
Big Sister Foods	ICPMR	Riverside Theatres
Boral Plasterboard	Idexx Laboratories Pty Ltd	Roads & Transport Authority
Bowermans Office Furniture	ING Financial Planning	Roads and Traffic Authority of NSW
Bridge Consulting	John Cootes Furniture	Rydgcs Parramatta
Brooks Australia	Jones Lang LaSalle	Salvation Army - Divisional HQ
Brooks Tyre Brake & Steering Services	Julia Ross	Sermacs Australia
Capral Aluminium	Kaloola Residential Aged Care	Shell Refining (Australia) Pty Ltd - Clyde Refinery
Sebel Hotel Parramatta	Khoury & Partners	Sielox Security Systems Pty Ltd
Catholic Education Centre	Knight Frank	Slater & Gordon
CB Richard Ellis	Knysh & Associates	Soanar
Centrelink	Legal Aid Commission of NSW	St George Bank
Champion Legal	Legal Aid NSW	St George Bank
Charterbus Direct	Lintrott Motors	Strategic Wealth Solutions
Chep	Lottie Stewart Hospital	Suncorp
Children's Medical Research Institute	Marshall Motors	Sydney Home Loans
Choice HR	Matthews Folbigg	TAFE NSW - South Western Sydney Institute - Granville College
Clairol & Procter & Gamble Australia	McNeall Plastics	Telstra NDC
Coca Cola Amatil	Medicare Australia	Terry Shields Service & Parts
Coleman & Greig	Merck Sharp & Dohme (Australia)	Terry Shields Toyota & Lexus of Parramatta
Colliers International	Metro West Residences	Thales Underwater Systems
Collins Debden	Michael Page	The Aged Care Standards & Accreditation Agency Ltd
Colonial /Commonwealth Bank of Australia	Michel's Patisseries	The Australian Workers' Union
Commonwealth Bank of Australia	Mission Australia	The Children's Hospital Westmead
Community Offender Services	Mitsubishi Electric Australia	The Mailing House
Complex Solutions	MLA Holdings	TMS Tailor Made Systems
Condon Associates	Mortgage House of Australia	TMS Tailor Made Systems
Courtyard by Marriott	Motorcycle Accessories Supermarket	Toshiba International Corp
Credit Corp Group	National Trust of Australia (NSW)	Turner Freeman
Crowne Plaza Parramatta	Noyce Legal	Unimin Limited
Cumberland Frank Lawyers	NRMA	University of Western Sydney - Parramatta Campus
Cumberland Newspapers - Parramatta Advertiser	NSW Aboriginal Land Council	Veola - Environmental Services
DADCO Metro North Regional Office	NSW Attorney Generals	Versacold Logistics
Defence Force Recruiting	NSW Business Chamber	Versatile Ceramics
Defence Housing Australia	NSW Department of Education and Training - New Apprenticeships Centre	Virtual Finance Australia
Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu	NSW Department of Land and Water Conservation	Waco Kwikform
Department of Community Services - Metro West Regional Office and Child Protection	NSW Ministry of Transport	Wesfarmers Landmark
Department of Fair Trading	NSW Police Service	Wesley Dalmar
Department of Housing	NSW Police Service	Westbus Pty Ltd
Department of Immigration and Citizenship	OAMPS Insurance Brokers	Westcorp Business Centre
Dept of Ageing, Disability & Home Care	Oatlands House	Western Sydney Business Connection
Dept of Community Services - State Disaster Recovery Centre	Office of State Revenue	Westfield Parramatta
Dept of Community Services - Intensive Services	Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions	Westmead Hospital
Dept of Environment and Climate Change - National Parks	Office of the Minister for Western Sydney	Westmead Millennium Institute
Dept of Environment and Climate Change - Sustainability	One Steel George Ward	Westpac Bank
Dept of Housing	OneSteel Distribution	Westpac Equipment Finance - NSW Sales
Dept of State & Regional Development	Pacific International Suites	Winston Hills Hotel
Dept of Water & Energy	Pacific National	Woolworths
Dowding & Mills (Australia)	Parramatta Chamber of Commerce	Workcover Authority of NSW
Downer EDI Rail	Parramatta Children's Court	Workers Parramatta
Downer EDI Works	Parramatta City Council	Yallambi Nursing Home
Drake Personnel	Parramatta Correction Centre	Yes Home Loans

Disclaimer: This is not an exhaustive list. Please contact Economic Development if you feel you should be added to our list.

BIZ FACTS

SUMMARY OF ECONOMIC INDICATORS

Key Economic Indicators					
	Period	Level	Level – 12 mths ago	Change	Annual % change
Population					
Estimated Resident Population	2007	157,505	154,158	+3,347	2.2%
Projected Population	2031	187,484	n.a.	n.a.	0.8%
Employment					
Employed persons (no.)	Jun Qtr 2008	75,229	74,526	+703	0.9%
Unemployment rate (%) ^(a)	Jun Qtr 2008	3.8	4.2	-0.4	-0.4%
Labour force (persons)	Jun Qtr 2008	78,185	77,811	+374	0.5%
Participation rate (%) ^(a)	2006	59.5	58.7	+0.8	0.8%
Commercial Property Market					
Total office stock (sq m)	July 2008	647,537	608,826	+38,711	6.4%
Vacancy factor (%) ^(a)	July 2008	7.3	8.2	-0.9	-0.9%
Office rents – Grade A (\$/sq m)	August 2008	280	260	+20	8.0%
Value of non-dwelling approvals / construction (\$'000)	Yr to Jun 2008	93,883	147,405	-53,522	-36.3%
Residential Development					
No. of dwelling approvals	Yr to Jun 2008	872	1,224	-352	-28.8%
Value of dwelling approvals (\$'000)	Yr to Jun 2008	178,427	207,502	-29,075	-14.0%
Median weekly rent – 3bd house (\$)	Jun Qtr 2008	360	310	+50	16.1%
Median weekly rent – 2bd unit (\$)	Jun Qtr 2008	320	275	+45	16.4%
Rental yield – separate houses (%) ^(a)	Mar Qtr 2008	3.9	3.7	+0.2	0.2%
Rental yield – flats/units (%) ^(a)	Mar Qtr 2008	4.8	4.6	+0.2	0.2%
Housing Market					
Median sales price – separate houses (\$)	Mar Qtr 2008	450,000	427,000	+23,000	5.4%
Median sales price – flats/units (\$)	Mar Qtr 2008	325,000	315,000	+10,000	3.0%
Land & Business					
Land value – single residential site (\$) ^(b)	2007	334,667	335,333	-667	-0.2%
Land value – retail shop site (\$)	2007	955,000	875,000	+80,000	9.1%
Land value – large industrial site (\$) ^(c)	2007	8,400,000	8,400,000	0	0.0%
Number of businesses	June 2007	15,546	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Total industry turnover (\$ million)	2006/07	21,972.7	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Average industry turnover (\$'000)	2006/07	1,413.4	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Gross Regional Product (\$ million)	2006/07	11,141.6	10,513.5	+628.1	6.0%
Tourism					
Establishments – 15+ rooms (no.)	Jun Qtr 2008	11	11	0	0.0%
Bed spaces (no.)	Jun Qtr 2008	4,391	4,362	+29	0.7%
Room occupancy (%) ^(a)	Jun Qtr 2008	75.2	71.9	+3.3	3.3%
Takings from accomm (\$'000)	Jun Qtr 2008	15,935	14,155	+1,780	12.6%

Note: (a) Changes are percentage point changes. (b) Figures are averages of suburbs of Ermington, Carlingford and Guildford. (c) Figure for Parramatta is suburb of Rydalmere.

For More Information

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Note: City of Parramatta = Parramatta Local Government Area (LGA)

The data produced in BizFacts is believed to be the most recent and accurate data available at the time of publication. No responsibility is accepted for any inadvertent errors.

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